

Year 6 Mathematics Overview

Number and Place Value	Addition and Subtraction	Multiplication and Division	Fractions	Measurements	Properties of Shape	Statistics	
<p>Read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit.</p> <p>Round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy.</p> <p>Use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero.</p> <p>Solve number and practical problems that involve ordering and comparing numbers to 10 000 000, rounding to a required degree of accuracy, using negative numbers and calculating intervals across zero.</p> <p>Demonstrate an understanding of place value including decimals e.g. $28.13 = 28 + ? + 0.03$.</p>	<p>Perform mental calculations with mixed operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations.</p> <p>Solve multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.</p> <p>Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy.</p>	<p>Multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication.</p> <p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context.</p> <p>Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context.</p> <p>Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers.</p> <p>Identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers.</p>	<p>Use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination.</p> <p>Compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1.</p> <p>Add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions.</p> <p>Multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form e.g. $1/4 \times 1/2 = 1/8$.</p> <p>Divide proper fractions by whole numbers e.g. $1/3 \div 2 = 1/6$.</p> <p>Associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents e.g. know that 7 divided by 21 is the same as $7/21$ and that this is equal to $1/3$ and e.g. 0.375 is equivalent to $3/8$.</p> <p>Identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places.</p>	<p>Solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate.</p> <p>Use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places.</p> <p>Convert between miles and kilometres.</p> <p>Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa.</p> <p>Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes.</p> <p>Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.</p> <p>Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm^3) and cubic metres (m^3), and extending to other units e.g. mm^3 and km^3.</p>	<p>Draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles.</p> <p>Recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets.</p> <p>Compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons.</p> <p>Illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius.</p> <p>Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles.</p>	<p>Interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.</p> <p>Calculate and interpret the mean as an average.</p>	
	Algebra	<p>Use his/her knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations.</p> <p>Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.</p> <p>Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.</p> <p>Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy.</p>	<p>Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers.</p> <p>Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places.</p> <p>Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.</p> <p>Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts e.g. one piece of cake that has been cut into 5 equal slices can be expressed as $1/5$ or 0.2 or 20% of the whole cake.</p>	<p>Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa.</p> <p>Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes.</p> <p>Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.</p> <p>Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm^3) and cubic metres (m^3), and extending to other units e.g. mm^3 and km^3.</p>	<p>Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa.</p> <p>Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes.</p> <p>Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.</p> <p>Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm^3) and cubic metres (m^3), and extending to other units e.g. mm^3 and km^3.</p>	<p>Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles.</p>	Ration and Proportion
	<p>Use simple formulae. Generate and describe linear number sequences.</p> <p>Express missing number problems algebraically.</p> <p>Find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns. Enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.</p>	<p>Use his/her knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations.</p> <p>Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why.</p> <p>Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.</p> <p>Use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy.</p>	<p>Multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers.</p> <p>Use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places.</p> <p>Solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy.</p> <p>Recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts e.g. one piece of cake that has been cut into 5 equal slices can be expressed as $1/5$ or 0.2 or 20% of the whole cake.</p>	<p>Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa.</p> <p>Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes.</p> <p>Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.</p> <p>Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm^3) and cubic metres (m^3), and extending to other units e.g. mm^3 and km^3.</p>	<p>Recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa.</p> <p>Recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes.</p> <p>Calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles.</p> <p>Calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm^3) and cubic metres (m^3), and extending to other units e.g. mm^3 and km^3.</p>	<p>Recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles.</p>	Position and Direction
						<p>Solve problems involving the relative sizes of 2 quantities where missing values can be found by using integer x and \backslash facts, calculation of percentages e.g. of measures, and such as 15% of 360 and the use of percentages for comparison and shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found.</p> <p>Describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants).</p> <p>Draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axis.</p>	